

# Reverse Engineering Online Challenge 2022 **Remote Control Car** Team:30636D



#### Contents

Report	3
Complete Decontruction and Reseach Process	4
Labelled images of receiver curcuit board	7
Labelled images of transfer curcuit board	9
List of components	9
Remote Controller	10
External Components	10
Internal Components	11
Remote Controled Car	13
External Components	13
Internal Components - Recevier	14
Internal Components - Rear drive motor with gearbox	16
Internal Components - Front Steering system	17

#### Report

I have been using a remote control car and the remote control. I chose to use a remote control car and remote control because its remote control car function is similar to a VEX robot remote control function and machine operation. These questions also kept me motivated. Why does it move without some wires connecting to the cars? How do the batteries connect to the wires and circuit board? Why does the car move back and forth when I move the pegs? Why does an unknown thing help the car run in straight lines? Why does it turn when I move the pegs?

I unscrewed 6 screws, 1 to take out the batteries and 5 to take apart the outer casing. I found 6 buttons 3 wires and another 2 screws. I unscrewed the two screws IC chip and some unknown things. When I press a button it sends a signal to the IC chip and the chip sends the signal to the car. There is an IC chip on the circuit board. The model of the IC chip's brand is YX and the number is 4116. This IC chip is a four-function wireless transmitter radio frequency transmitter chip.YX 4116 has 8 pins. This chip transmits signals to go backward, forwards, left, and right. After I removed the cap of the front wheels. I saw a motor with an 8 tooth gear connected to a fan-shaped unknown thing with 14 teeth. The 14 tooth thing was connected to a bar. When the motor turns the gear it also turns the fanshaped unknown thing. There is a small pole that sticks out of the pole. Under the pole, there is a spring, when the bar turns the wheels the sping lets it bounce back to its place. After I unscrewed 2 screws to get the cap off of the back wheels. I saw a motor with an 8 tooth gear connected to a 36 tooth gear in the axel and an unknown thing that was also in the axel. After I searched it up I found out that the unknown thing stops friction in the axel and because I can't find any information about the 16 pin IC chip in the car so I used a digital multimeter to see if it is connected. The 6th pin is connected to the wires of the back motor and the 14th pin is connected to the wires of the front motor.

Through this process, I was able to gain new insights and perspectives on electronics. I learned how different parts cooperated in the remote control and the remote-controlled car. I was very perplexed by seeing how complex the circuit board was. During this process, I identified and discovered new components and robot systems. Sometimes my failures reminded me that investigation is a never-ending process and I can always dig deeper. Finally, I learn a lot more about how to deconstruct and research different components..

#### Word count: 491

### **Complete Decontruction and Reseach Process**



Figure 1 : deconstructing remote & car by unscrewing & detaching outer casing



Figure 2 : Removing the outer casing to get access to the internal circuit board



Figure 3 : Completely descontructed car and remote



Figure 4 : Deconstructing remote control by unscrewing outer casing



Figure 5 : Removing the outer casing to get access to the internal circuit board



Figure 6 : Completely descontructed remote control



Figure 7 : Identifying the different components using Iphone magnifi



Figure 8 : Researching on different components online to get more imformation

### Labelled images of receiver curcuit board



Figure 9:Top view of recivier curcuit board



Figure10 :Bottom view of recivier curcuit board

### Labelled images of the transfer curcuit board



Figure 12:Bottom view of the transfer circuit board

## List of components

### **Remote Controller**

#### External Components

Components(Name, Picture)	Description	Function/Comments
Black case of remote control	Durable plastic case	Makes remote control easy to hold & protects inside components
Atenna on remote control	Inside - metallic wire Outside - black plastic tube	Used to transfer controlling signals from the YX 4116 chip
Screws	Flat head screws & Phillips truss head self- tapping screw	Holds case, circuit board, and other together.

#### Internal Components

Components (Name, Picture)	Description	Function/Comments
circuit board	Include:	- wires get connected to the
	- Wires	battery box so it it gives the
	- ic chip	board the power souce it
第935 .	- push buttons	needs
	- LED	- The LED will shine if you
	- resistor	press a button
	- adapter	- Transfers signals
	- Wires;	
÷ + 1	copper wire	
	with plastic	
	tube	
6 press switches in remote	Silver with black	- Connects/disconnects a path
control	buttons	in an electrical circuit board
K		
Resistor	Four band	- Reduces current flow, divides
	resistor.	voltage, adjust signal levels,
		etc.
		- The bands order is Orange,
		white, gold, and silver
		- The resistor value is 3.9 Ohm.

8 pin chip (YX 4116)	Black body with	- four-function wireless radio
4116 20052	8 metallic pins	frequency transmitter chip YX-4116T 1 L/左 PC 7 3 B/后 so 6 4 F/前 GND SOP-8
		1 (LEFTB): turn left function
		2(RIGHTB): turn right function
		3(BACKWARDB): go backwards
		function
		4(FORWARDB): go forwards
		function
		5(GND): ground (negative power
		supply)
		6(SO): output that connects to the
		7(1/DD):5/(voltage input (positive)
		power supply)
		- 8(PC): power control
antenna adapters	White with hole	- Used to connect an external
. 7		antenna

### Remote Controled Car

#### **External Components**

Components(Name, Picture)	Description	Function/Comments
<image/>	Durable plastic case	<ul> <li>Makes remote easy to hold &amp; protects inside components</li> </ul>
Wheels	Two metallic & black wheels	<ul> <li>Front wheels designed for 2 dimensions;</li> <li>1<sup>st</sup> dimension: moving backward and forward</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> dimension: left and right</li> </ul>
Black cap of front wheels	Durable plastic cap	<ul> <li>Holds &amp; protects inside components (front wheels, white fan, sping white bar, motor Wheels)</li> </ul>
Screws	Flat head screws	- Holds case, circuit board, and other together.

Components(Name, Picture)	Description	Function/Comments
Circuit board	copper wire with plastic tube ic chip switch	<ul> <li>Let electric go through the circuit board to other places</li> <li>Receives csignals</li> </ul>
Slide switch	Silver with black sliding thing	- Connects/disconnects a path in an electrical circuit board
2 antenna adapters	White with hole	- Used to connect an external antenna
antenna	copper colored tape	- reseive signals from the remote control

IC chip	Black body with 16 metallic pins	<ul> <li>Researched model number SYRX003 CLA41L online but found no results but after testing it is the receiver</li> <li>I used a digital multimeter to measure the voltage of the pins by pressing the push buttons.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>The 6<sup>th</sup> &amp; 7<sup>th</sup> pins is connected to the wires of the back motor to make the car go backwards and forwards</li> <li>The 11<sup>th</sup> &amp; 12<sup>th</sup> pin is connected to the wires of the front motor witch makes the car turn</li> <li>I used the beeper mode on the digital multimeter and found out that the 3<sup>rd</sup> pin is connected to the anntena</li> <li>According to the imformation I found a ic that has settings like the ic</li> </ul>

Receiver Pin Assignment
RX2C ATS302R
V02 1 GND 2 GND 2 SI 3 OSCI 4 SI 4 OSCO 5 RIGHT 6 SI 5 SI 16 VI2 V01 V11 V11 V11 V11 VDD SI 13 VDD SI 13 SI 14 VDD SI 13 VDD SI 14 VDD SI 14 SI 15 VDD SI 14 SI 15 SI 14 SI 14 SI 15 SI 14 SI 15 SI 14 SI 15 SI 14 SI 15 SI 14 SI 14 SI 15 SI 14 SI 15 SI 14 SI 15 SI 15

#### Internal Components - Rear drive motor with gearbox

Components(Name, Picture)	Description	Function/Comments
Rear drive motor with gearbox	Rear wheel ,&	- Let car move backwards and
	motor	forwards
Rear drive motor	Metallicwith	- Let car move backwards and
	gear on the end	forwards

Rear wheels	Includes	- Front wheels designed for 1
	- Wheels - Axel - Gears	dimension 1 <sup>st</sup> dimension: moving backward and forward

#### Internal Components - Front Steering system

Components(Name, Picture)	Description	- Function/Comments
Steering system	Includes - Wheels - Gear - Motor - Front axel upright - Spring	- Lets car turn left and right
Spring	Metallic rod coiled	<ul> <li>When front wheels turn lets wheels go straight again after the turn</li> </ul>
Gear	White with 14 teeth One sixth of a circle	<ul> <li>Designed in-between the spring and the white bar to turn</li> </ul>
Front axel upright	White bar	<ul> <li>Connects to front wheels and lets</li> </ul>

		- wheels turn left and right
turn motor	Metallic with	- Let car turn left and right
	gear on the end	
Wheels	Two Metallic &	- Front wheels designed for 2
	black wheels	dimensions;
		backward and forward
		2 <sup>nd</sup> dimension: left and right